## What are heavy metals?

Heavy metals refers to the elements arsenic, cadmium, lead, and mercury. Exposure may come from foods or other sources and can have negative health effects.

### Do homemade foods have less heavy metals? Do

While both are safe and nutritious, a recent report shows that homemade baby foods are not lower in heavy metals than store-bought baby foods.



#### Heavy metals can come from a variety of sources:

- ✓ Arsenic: Soil and water
- ✓ Cadmium: Soil and water
- ✓ Lead: Soil. air and water
- ✓ Mercury: Water



Heavy metals

are found in

soil, water

& air



#### Tips for making baby food at home:

- ✓ Wash fruits and vegetables to remove any dirt or dust
- ✓ Remove the outer peel where heavy metals may concentrate
- ✓ Cook rice in extra water then drain (like pasta!)



### Whether homemade or store-bought.

vary the types of fruits, vegetables and grains

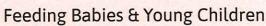


#### Exposure to heavy metals

is concerning for pregnant women & young children as higher levels may

impact neurological development





BabyMatters by Gerber Medical Hub

# **Understanding Heavy Metals**



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Breastmilk is the ideal nutritional start for an infant. Complementary foods should always be prepared, used, and stored as instructed on the label.

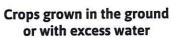
> For more information: https://www.fda.gov/ netals-and-vour-food/closer-zer



#### Don't skip iron-fortified baby cereal, an important source of iron & zinc!

Iron helps support healthy brain development

Adequate iron status can help protect against absorbing heavy metals from food



can be more likely to take up heavy metals; certain fruits, vegetables & grains absorb these elements as they grow





Buying organic, locally grown and/or farmer's market foods does not change whether the foods contain heavy metals



#### Experts recommend:

- ✓ Feeding a variety of nutrientdense foods like fruits. vegetables and whole grains
- ✓ Including infant cereals, an important source of iron and zinc, made from a variety of grains
- ✓ Choosing fish known to be lower in mercury



#### A well-nourished child is better protected

from absorbing the heavy metals

#### Foods prone to higher heavy metal levels:

- ✓ Grains: Accumulate heavy metal in the outer bran layer, so whole grains may have more than refined grains
- ✓ Rice: Takes up arsenic from being grown in flooded fields
- ✓ Leafy vegetables: Absorb cadmium from soil and water
- ✓ Root vegetables: Like carrots & sweet potatoes, absorb lead from soil
- ✓ Fatty fish: Like salmon, tuna, & mackerel, absorb mercury from water in their fatty tissue

#### Tips for reducing the risk of heavy metals when feeding children:

- ✓ Make sure water supply has been checked for lead
- ✓ Wash hands and foods to remove residual lead from dirt and dust
- ✓ Include foods rich in iron and zinc, especially when breastfeeding or mixed feeding
- ✓ Choose snacks made with a variety of grains, not just rice

## How do heavy metals get in foods?

Heavy metals are found in the environment, including the soil and water, and certain crops and animals absorb these elements as they grow.

### Can the risk of heavy metals in foods be reduced? (>)



Dietary variety is the best way to ensure a child gets adequate nutrition and can help minimize exposure to any one heavy metal.